USB KB INTELLIHEAD FOR SWIPE READERS TECHNICAL REFERENCE MANUAL

Manual Part Number 99875321-10

JANUARY 2012



REGISTERED TO ISO 9001:2008

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Appendix A is taken from Universal Serial Bus HID Usage Tables, Version 1.12, Section 10, Keyboard/Keypad Page (0x07) ©1996-2005 USB Implementers' Forum.

Appendix B is taken from Section 8.3 Report Format for Array Items, Device Class Definition for Human Interface Devices (HID) Version 1.11, ©1996-2001 USB Implementers' Forum, hidcomments@usb.org.

REVISIONS

| Rev Number | Date | Notes | |
|------------|-----------|---|--|
| 1 | 28 Jan 05 | Initial Release | |
| 2 | 10 Jun 05 | Added examples to some of the commands; editorial throughout | |
| 3 | 8 Aug 05 | Sec 1 and Appendices B, C, and D: Included additional models: 2103008, 21040132, and 21040133. Sec 4, To, ASCII to Keypress Conversion Type Property, added Active Keymap Property statement. To Get KeyMap Item Command and Set KeyMap Item Command, added the paragraph, "Starting with the firmware release" | |
| 4 | 12 Sep 05 | Added new Warranty Statement and Appendices G and H, USB and HID Usage Table and Device Class Definitions Table | |
| 5 | 24 Oct 05 | Added new models: 21040137 and 21046004; Updated other drawing Revs | |
| 6 | 14 Sep 07 | Corrected default setting for polling interval. Added 21030016. | |
| 7 | 8 Oct 07 | Added ES TK1, ES TK2 and ES TK3 properties. | |
| 8 | 14 Oct 08 | Added JIS type 2 decoding option; updated company address. | |
| 9 | 15 Jun 09 | Updated Limited Warranty and Agency approvals. Added Pan Name Date Enable and Post Tk Char Enable Property | |
| 10 | 4 Jan 12 | Added Host Poll Timeout Property (0x52). | |

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Cet appareil numériqué de la classe B est conformé à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

CE STANDARDS

Testing for compliance with CE requirements was performed by an independent laboratory. The unit under test was found compliant with standards established for Class B devices.

UL/CSA

This product is recognized per Underwriter Laboratories and Canadian Underwriter Laboratories 1950.

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When ordered as RoHS compliant, this product meets the Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE) Reduction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) European Directive 2002/95/EC. The marking is clearly recognizable, either as written words like "Pb-free", "lead-free", or as another clear symbol (1996).

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| | |

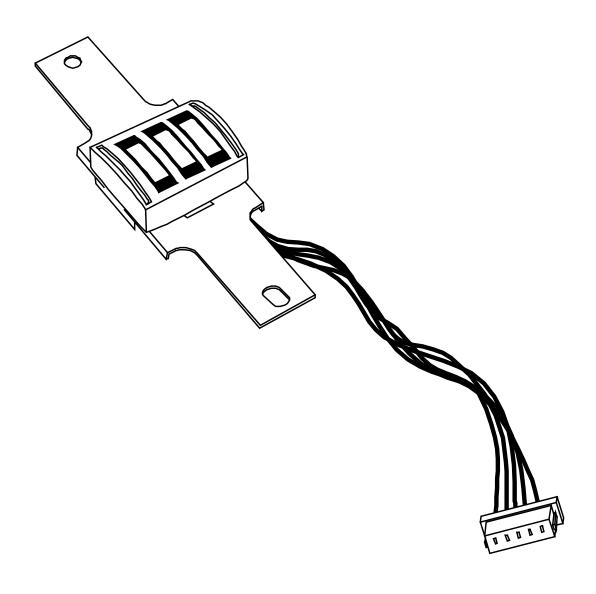


Figure 1-1. 3-Track USB Keyboard Emulation IntelliHead

SECTION 1. FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS

The USB (Universal Serial Bus) Keyboard Emulation Swipe Reader is a compact magnetic stripe card reader that conforms to ISO standards. The Reader is compatible with any device with a USB host interface and emulates the operation of a keyboard. A card is read by sliding it past the head either forward or backward.

The Reader emulates a USB Human Interface Device (HID) United States keyboard or optionally all international keyboards using ALT ASCII code keypad key combinations or customizable key maps. This allows host applications designed to acquire card data from keyboard input to seamlessly acquire the card data from the USB swipe reader.

Caution

If another keyboard is connected to the same host as this device and a key is pressed on the other keyboard while this device is transmitting, then the data transmitted by this device may get corrupted.

Because of potential "data interleave" issues associated with the USB Keyboard interface, MagTek recommends that the USB Keyboard Emulation MSR product should only be used if the application requires magnetic stripe data to be provided via the keyboard input. If previous applications were based upon RS-232 serial interface magnetic stripe readers, or if this is a brand new development effort, it is recommended that you use MagTek's USB HID IntelliHead product. (Refer to Technical Manual 99875320 for further information regarding the USB HID IntelliHead.)

FEATURES

Major features of the USB IntelliHead are as follows:

- Powered through the USB no external power supply required
- Hardware Compatible with PC or any computer or terminal with a USB interface
- Bidirectional card reading
- Reads encoded data that meets ANSI/ISO/AAMVA/JIS Type 2 standards and others such as ISO track 1 format on track 2 or 3
- Reads up to three tracks of card data
- Compatible with USB specification Revision 1.1
- Compatible with HID specification Version 1.1
- Can use standard Windows HID drivers for communications. No third part device driver is required.
- Many programmable configuration options (including the ability to define the Start and End Sentinel characters and to insert a string of characters for the pre- and post-amble characters)
- Non-volatile memory for configuration storage
- Ability to convert to HID mode of operation

HARDWARE CONFIGURATIONS

The hardware configurations are as shown in the table below. Drawings of each model are included in Appendix C.

| Part Number | Description | Cable Length and Connector Type | Rail or Housing |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| 21030007 | USB KB IntelliHead | 125mm, 5 pin Molex | Butterfly Spring |
| 21030008 | USB KB IntelliHead | 275mm,USB-A | Butterfly Spring |
| 21030016 | USB KB IntelliHead | 125mm, 5 pin Molex | Accordion Spring |
| 21040132 | USB KB IntelliHead swipe reader | 6 in, USB-A | 100mm Black Body |
| 21040133 | USB KB IntelliHead swipe reader | 6 ft, USB-A | 100mm Black Body |
| 21040137 | USB KB IntelliHead swipe reader | 6 in, USB-A Right Angle | 100mm Black Body |
| 21045088 | USB KB IntelliHead open rail | 125mm, 5 pin Molex | 90mm Black rail |
| 21046004 | USB KB IntelliHead 60mm Slim rail | 125mm, 5 pin Molex | 60mm Black slim rail |
| 21047012 | USB KB IntelliHead 90mm slim rail | 125mm, 5 pin Molex | 90mm Black slim rail |

ACCESSORIES

The accessories are as follows:

| Part Number | Description |
|-------------|--|
| 21042806 | USB MSR Demo Program with Source Code (disk) |
| 21051534 | Test Cable to convert from IntelliHead to USB-A (6 ft) |
| 99510026 | USB MSR Demo Program with Source Code (WEB) |

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

MagTek Magnetic Card Reader Design Kit Technical Specification (99821002)

MagTek USB HID IntelliHead for Swipe Readers, Technical Reference Manual (99875320)

Axelson, Jan. *USB Complete, Everything You Need to Develop Custom USB Peripherals*, 1999. Lakeview Research, 2209 Winnebago St., Madison WI 53704, 396pp., *http://www.lvr.com*

USB Human Interface Device (HID) Class Specification Version 1.1

Universal Serial Bus (USB): HID Usage Tables Version 1.12 (1/21/2005)

USB (*Universal Serial Bus*) *Specification, Version 1.1*, Copyright[©] 1998 by Compaq Computer Corporation, Intel Corporation, Microsoft Corporation, NEC Corporation

USB Implementers Forum, Inc., www.usb.org

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1-1 lists the specifications for the USB IntelliHead.

Table 1-1. Specifications

| Reference Standards | ISO 7810, ISO 7811, AAMVA and JIS X 6302* | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Power Input | 5V from USB bus | | |
| Recording Method | Two-frequency coherent phase (F2F) | | |
| Message Format | ASCII | | |
| Card Speed | 3 to 60 ips (7.62 – 152.4 cm/s) | | |
| | ELECTRICAL | | |
| Current | | | |
| Normal Mode | 15mA | | |
| Suspend Mode | 200 μΑ | | |
| | MECHANICAL | | |
| Weight | 1.1 oz. (31 gr.) | | |
| Cable length See related drawing in Appendix C | | | |
| Connector | See related drawing in Appendix C | | |
| ENVIRONMENTAL | | | |
| Temperature | | | |
| Operating | -40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °F to 158 °F) | | |
| Storage | -40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °F to 158 °F) | | |
| Humidity | | | |
| Operating 10% to 90% noncondensing | | | |
| Storage | 10% to 90% noncondensing | | |
| Altitude | | | |
| Operating | 0-10,000 ft. (0-3048 m.) | | |
| Storage | 0-50,000 ft. (0-15240 m.) | | |

Storage 0-50,000 ft. (0-15240 m.)

* ISO (International Standards Organization, AAMVA (American Association of Motor Vehicle Administrators) and JIS (Japanese Industrial Standard).

SECTION 2. INSTALLATION

This section describes the cable connection, the Windows Plug and Play Setup, and the physical mounting of the unit.

USB CONNECTION

Since the USB IntelliHead is supplied as an OEM product, the installation and system integration will be unique for each application. The reader module must be attached to an appropriate connector which, in turn, connects to the USB port or hub.

Pin numbers and signal descriptions for the cable shown in the illustration are listed in Table 2-1. The connector is a Molex 52021-0500; one of the recommended mating connectors is Molex 53048-0510.

| Pin Number | Signal | Cable Color |
|------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1 | VBUS | Red |
| 2 | - Data | White |
| 3 | +Data | Green |
| 4 | Ground | Black |
| 5 | Head Case | Brown |

Table 2-1. 5-Pin Connector

WINDOWS PLUG AND PLAY SETUP

On hosts with the Windows operating system, the first time the device is plugged into a specific USB port, Windows will pop up a dialog box, which will guide you through the process of installing a device driver for the device. After this process is completed once, Windows will no longer request this process as long as the device is plugged into the same USB port. The device driver that Windows will install for this device is the driver used for HID keyboard devices and it is part of the Windows operating system. When the dialog box pops up, follow the instructions given in the dialog box. Sometimes, Windows will find all the files it needs. Other times Windows will need to know the location of the files it needs. If Windows prompts for the file locations, insert the CD that was used to install Windows on your PC and point Windows to the root directory of the CD. Windows should find all the files it needs there.

MOUNTING

Refer to the appropriate Appendix in this document and/or to the *Magnetic Card Reader Design Kit* for complete mounting details.

SECTION 3. OPERATION

CARD READ

A card may be swiped past the read head at any time. The magnetic stripe must face toward the head and may be swiped in either direction. If there is data encoded on the card, the device will attempt to decode the data and then send the results to the host via a USB HID input report. After the results are sent to the host, all card data will be purged from the device, then the device will be ready to read the next card.

SECTION 4. USB COMMUNICATIONS

This device conforms to the USB specification revision 1.1. This device also conforms with the Human Interface Device (HID) class specification version 1.1. The device communicates to the host as a HID keyboard device. The latest versions of the Windows operating systems come with a standard Windows USB HID keyboard driver.

This is a full speed USB device. This device has a number of programmable configuration properties. These properties are stored in non-volatile memory. These properties can be configured at the factory or by the end user. The device has an adjustable endpoint descriptor polling interval value that can be set to any value in the range of 1ms to 255ms. This property can be used to speed up or slow down the card data transfer rate. The device also has an adjustable serial number descriptor. More details about these properties can be found later in this document in the command section.

The device will go into suspend mode when directed to do so by the host. The device will wake up from suspend mode when directed to do so by the host. The device does not support remote wakeup.

This device is powered from the USB bus. The vendor ID is 0x0801 and the product ID is 0x0001.

HOST APPLICATIONS

This device can be used with existing applications that acquire card data via keyboard input. Also, applications that communicate to this device can be easily developed. These applications can be developed using compilers such as Microsoft's Visual Basic or Visual C++. To demonstrate this device's card reading capabilities any application that accepts keyboard input such as Window's Notepad can be used.

CARD DATA

The card data is converted to ASCII and transmitted to the host as if it had been typed on a keyboard. Any data with ASCII values 0-31 or 127 will be transmitted as their equivalent control code combination. For example a carriage return value 13 (0x0D) will be sent as (^M) where ^ represents the Ctrl key on the keyboard.

Caution

If another keyboard is connected to the same host as this device and a key is pressed on the other keyboard while this device is transmitting, then the data transmitted by this device may get corrupted.

Because of potential "data interleave" issues associated with the USB Keyboard interface, MagTek recommends that the USB Keyboard Emulation MSR product should only be used by customers who have previously used MagTek's Keyboard Wedge MSR, or who are interfacing with an existing PC software application which gathers card data from the keyboard port. If previous applications were based upon RS-232 serial interface MSRs, or if this is a brand new development effort, it is recommended that you use the MagTek's USB HID IntelliHead MSR (Non-Keyboard Emulation Version). Refer to Technical Manual 99875320 for further information regarding the USB IntelliHead HID reader.

The device's programmable configuration options affect the format of the card data.

The card data format for the default configuration is as follows:

[Tk1 SS] [Tk1 Data] [ES] [Tk2 SS] [Tk2 Data] [ES] [Tk3 SS] [Tk3 Data] [ES] [CR] where:

Tk1 SS = % (7-bit start sentinel)

Tk2 SS = ; (ISO/ABA 5-bit start sentinel)

@ (7-bit start sentinel)

DEL (0x7F) (JIS type 2 start sentinel)*

Tk3 SS = + (ISO/ABA start sentinel)

(AAMVA start sentinel)

& (7-bit start sentinel)

ES = ? (end sentinel for all formats except JIS type 2)

DEL (7F hex) (JIS type 2 end sentinel)*

CR = (carriage return) (0x0D)

All data will be sent in upper case regardless of the state of the caps lock key on the keyboard. If no data is detected on a track then nothing will be transmitted for that track. If an error is detected on a track the ASCII character E will be sent in place of the track data to indicate an error.

The card data format for all programmable configuration options is as follows:

[P18][P11] [P13] [Tk1 SS] [Tk1 Data] [ES] [LRC] [P14] [P5] [P13] [Tk2 SS] [Tk2 Data] [ES] [LRC] [P14] [P5] [P13] [Tk3 SS] [Tk3 Data] [ES] [LRC] [P14] [P5] [P12][P19]

^{*} Before the JIS type 2 encode type can be decoded, decoding must be enabled with the decode enable property. The JIS type 2 decoding option was not added until firmware with software ID 21042812K01 was release in October 2008. Some applications may not work well with the JIS type 2 format because this format allows ASCII characters in the non-printable range (0x00 – 0x1F and 0x7F).

where:

ES = P22 (end sentinel)

LRC = Longitudinal redundancy check character

P5 = Terminating character
P11 = Pre card character
P12 = Post card character
P13 = Pre track character
P14 = Post track character
P18 = Pre card string
P19 = Post card string

Tk1 SS = P20 (ISO/ABA start sentinel) Tk2 SS = P21 (ISO/ABA 5-bit start sentinel)

P6 (7-bit start sentinel)

Tk3 SS = P8 (ISO/ABA start sentinel)

P9 (AAMVA start sentinel) P10 (7-bit start sentinel)

All fields with the format P# are programmable configuration property numbers. They are described in detail later in this document.

PROGRAMMABLE CONFIGURATION OPTIONS

This device has a number of programmable configuration properties. These properties are stored in non-volatile memory. These properties can be configured at the factory or by the end user using a program supplied by MagTek. Programming these parameters requires low level communications with the device. During normal device operation, the device acts like a USB HID keyboard so the host operating system takes care of all low level communications with the device so that the application developer is not burdened with these low level details. Details on how to communicate with the device to change programmable configuration properties follows in the next few sections. These details are included as a reference only. Most users will not need to know these details because the device will be configured at the factory or by a program supplied by MagTek. Most users may want to skip over the next few sections on low level communications and continue with the details of the configuration properties.

LOW LEVEL COMMUNICATIONS

It is strongly recommended that application software developers become familiar with the HID specification the USB specification before attempting to communicate directly with this device. This document assumes that the reader is familiar with these specifications. These specifications can be downloaded free from www.usb.org.

HID USAGES

HID devices send data in reports. Elements of data in a report are identified by unique identifiers called usages. The structure of the device's reports and the device's capabilities are reported to the host in a report descriptor. The host usually gets the report descriptor only once, right after the device is plugged in. The report descriptor usages identify the devices capabilities and report structures. For example, a device could be identified as a keyboard by analyzing the device's report descriptor. Usages are four byte integers. The most significant two bytes are called the usage page and the least significant two bytes are called usage IDs. Usages that are related can share a common usage page. Usages can be standardized or they can be vendor defined. Standardized usages such as usages for mice and keyboards can be found in the HID Usage Tables document and can be downloaded free at www.usb.org. Vendor defined usages must have a usage page in the range 0xff00 – 0xffff. All usages for this device use the standard HID keyboard usages or vendor defined magnetic stripe reader usage page 0xff00. The vendor defined usage IDs for this device are defined in the following table. The usage types are also listed. These usage types are defined in the HID Usage Tables document.

Magnetic Stripe Reader usage page 0xff00:

| Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Usage Type | Report Type |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 20 | Command message | Data | Feature |

REPORT DESCRIPTOR

The HID report descriptor is structured as follows:

| Item | Value(Hex) |
|-----------------------------------|------------|
| Usage Page (Generic Desktop) | 05 01 |
| Usage (Keyboard) | 09 06 |
| Collection (Application) | A1 01 |
| Usage Page (Key Codes) | 05 07 |
| Usage Minimum (224) | 19 E0 |
| Usage Maximum (231) | 29 E7 |
| Logical Minimum (0) | 15 00 |
| Logical Maximum (1) | 25 01 |
| Report Size (1) | 75 01 |
| Report Count (8) | 95 08 |
| Input (Data, Variable, Absolute) | 81 02 |
| Report Count (1) | 95 01 |
| Report Size (8) | 75 08 |
| Input (Constant) | 81 03 |
| Report Count (5) | 95 05 |
| Report Size (1) | 75 01 |
| Usage Page (LEDs) | 05 08 |
| Usage Minimum (1) | 19 01 |
| Usage Maximum (5) | 29 05 |
| Output (Data, Variable, Absolute) | 91 02 |

| Item | Value(Hex) |
|--|------------|
| Report Count (1) | 95 01 |
| Report Size (3) | 75 03 |
| Output (Constant) | 91 03 |
| Report Count (6) | 95 06 |
| Report Size (8) | 75 08 |
| Logical Minimum (0) | 15 00 |
| Logical Maximum (101) | 25 66 |
| Usage Page (Key Codes) | 05 07 |
| Usage Minimum (0) | 19 00 |
| Usage Maximum (101) | 29 66 |
| Input (Data, Array) | 81 00 |
| Logical Maximum (255) | 26 FF 00 |
| Usage Page (vendor defined (MSR)) | 06 00 FF |
| Usage (command data) | 09 20 |
| Report Count | 95 18 |
| Feature (Data, Variable, Absolute, Buffered Bytes) | B2 02 01 |
| End Collection | C0 |

COMMANDS

Command requests and responses are sent to and received from the device using feature reports. Command requests are sent to the device using the HID class specific request Set Report. The response to a command is retrieved from the device using the HID class specific request Get Report. These requests are sent over the default control pipe. When a command request is sent, the device will Nak the Status stage of the Set Report request until the command is completed. This insures that as soon as the Set Report request is completed, the Get Report request can be sent to get the command response. The usage ID for the command message was shown previously in the Usage Table.

The following table shows how the feature report is structured for command requests:

| Offset | Field Name |
|--------|----------------|
| 0 | Command Number |
| 1 | Data Length |
| 2 – 23 | Data |

The following table shows how the feature report is structured for command responses.

| Offset | Field Name |
|--------|-------------|
| 0 | Result Code |
| 1 | Data Length |
| 2 – 23 | Data |

COMMAND NUMBER

This one-byte field contains the value of the requested command number. The following table lists all the existing commands.

| Value | Command Number | Description |
|-------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| (Hex) | | |
| 00 | GET PROPERTY | Gets a property from the device |
| 01 | SET PROPERTY | Sets a property in the device |
| 02 | RESET DEVICE | Resets the device |
| 03 | GET KEYMAP ITEM | Gets a key map item |
| 04 | SET KEYMAP ITEM | Sets a key map item |
| 05 | SAVE CUSTOM KEYMAP | Saves the custom key map |

DATA LENGTH

This one-byte field contains the length of the valid data contained in the Data field.

DATA

This multi-byte field contains command data if any. Note that the length of this field is fixed at 22 bytes. Valid data should be placed in the field starting at offset 2. Any remaining data after the valid data should be set to zero. This entire field must always be set even if there is no valid data. The HID specification requires that Reports be fixed in length. Command data may vary in length. Therefore, the Report should be filled with zeros after the valid data.

RESULT CODE

This one-byte field contains the value of the result code. There are two types of result codes: generic result codes and command-specific result codes. Generic result codes always have the most significant bit set to zero. Generic result codes have the same meaning for all commands and can be used by any command. Command-specific result codes always have the most significant bit set to one. Command-specific result codes are defined by the command that uses them. The same code can have different meanings for different commands. Command-specific result codes are defined in the documentation for the command that uses them. Generic result codes are defined in the following table.

| Value (Hex) | Result Code | Description |
|----------------|---------------|--|
| 00 | SUCCESS | The command completed successfully. |
| 01 | FAILURE | The command failed. |
| 02 | BAD PARAMETER | The command failed due to a bad parameter or command syntax error. |

GET AND SET PROPERTY COMMANDS

The Get Property command gets a property from the device. The Get Property command number is 0x00.

The Set Property command sets a property in the device. The Set Property command number is 0x01.

The Get and Set Property command data fields for the requests and responses are structured as follows:

Get Property Request Data:

| Data Offset | Value |
|-------------|-------------|
| 0 | Property ID |

Get Property Response Data:

| Data Offset | Value |
|-------------|----------------|
| 0 – n | Property Value |

Set Property Request Data:

| Data Offset | Value |
|-------------|----------------|
| 0 | Property ID |
| 1 – n | Property Value |

Set Property Response Data:

None

The result codes for the Get and Set Property commands can be any of the codes list in the generic result code table.

Property ID is a one-byte field that contains a value that identifies the property. The following table lists all the current property ID values:

| Value | Property ID | Description |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--|
| (Hex) | | |
| 00 | SOFTWARE ID | The device's software identifier |
| 01 | SERIAL NUM | The device's serial number |
| 02 | POLLING INTERVAL | The interrupt pipe's polling interval |
| 03 | TRACK ID ENABLE | Track enable / ID enable |
| 04 | TRACK DATA SEND FLAGS | Track data send flags |
| 05 | TERMINATION CHAR | Terminating char / per track or card flag |
| 06 | SS TK2 7BITS | Start sentinel char for track 2 – 7 bit data |
| 80 | SS TK3 ISO ABA | Start sentinel char for track 3 – ISO/ABA |
| 09 | SS TK3 AAMVA | Start sentinel char for track 3 - AAMVA |
| 0A | SS TK3 7BITS | Start sentinel char for track 3 – 7 bit data |
| 0B | PRE CARD CHAR | Pre card char |
| 0C | POST CARD CHAR | Post card char |
| 0D | PRE TK CHAR | Pre track char |
| 0E | POST TK CHAR | Post track char |
| 0F | ASCII TO KEYPRESS CONVERSION TYPE | Type of conversion performed when |
| | | converting ASCII data to key strokes |

| Value | Property ID | Description |
|-------|----------------------|---|
| (Hex) | | |
| 10 | INTERFACE TYPE | Type of USB interface |
| 11 | ACTIVE KEYMAP | Selects which key map to uses |
| 12 | PRE CARD STRING | Pre card string |
| 13 | POST CARD STRING | Post card string |
| 14 | SS TK1 ISO ABA | Start sentinel char for track 1 – ISO/ABA |
| 16 | SS TK2 ISO ABA | Start sentinel char for track 2 – ISO/ABA |
| 16 | ES | End sentinel char for all tracks/formats |
| | | except JIS type 2 |
| 17 | ES TK1 | End sentinel char for track 1 |
| 18 | ES TK2 | End sentinel char for track 2 except JIS type |
| | | 2 |
| 19 | ES TK3 | End sentinel char for track 3 |
| 1A | DECODE ENABLE | Enables decoding for certain formats |
| 1B | SS JIS TYPE 2 | Start sentinel char for JIS type 2 |
| 1C | ES JIS TYPE 2 | End sentinel char for JIS type 2 |
| 1D | PAN NAME DATE ENABLE | Enables PAN name data format |
| 1E | POST TK CHAR ENABLE | Enables the post track character per track |
| 52 | HOST POLL TIMEOUT | Allows USB poll timeout to be adjusted |

The Property Value is a multiple-byte field that contains the value of the property. The number of bytes in this field depends on the type of property and the length of the property. The following table lists all of the property types and describes them.

| Property Type | Description | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Byte | This is a one-byte value. The valid values depend on the property. | |
| String | This is a multiple byte ASCII string. Its length can be zero to a | |
| | maximum length that depends on the property. The value and | |
| | length of the string does not include a terminating NUL character. | |

SOFTWARE ID PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x00 Property Type: String

Length: Fixed at 11 bytes

Get Property: Yes Set Property: No

Description: This is an 11 byte read only property that identifies the software part number

and version for the device. The first 8 bytes represent the part number and the

last 3 bytes represent the version. For example this string might be

"21042812D01". Examples follow:

Example Get **Software ID** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 00 |

Example Get **Software ID** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|----------------------------------|
| 00 | 01 | 32 31 30 34 32 38 31 32 44 30 31 |

SERIAL NUM PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x01Property Type: String Length: 0-15 bytes

Get Property: Yes Set Property: Yes

Default Value: The default value is no string with a length of zero.

Description: The value is an ASCII string that represents the device's serial number. This

string can be 0 - 15 bytes long. The value of this property, if any, will be sent

to the host when the host requests the USB string descriptor.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Example Set **Serial Num** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 04 | 01 | 31 32 33 |

Example Set **Serial Num** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **Serial Num** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 01 |

Example Get **Serial Num** property Response (Hex):

| 1 (the property response (resi). | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|-----------|--|--|
| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value | | |
| 00 | 03 | 31 32 33 | | |

POLLING INTERVAL PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x02
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 1

Description: The value is a byte that represents the devices polling interval for the Interrupt

In Endpoint. The value can be set in the range of 1-255 and has units of milliseconds. The polling interval tells the host how often to poll the device for card data packets. For example, if the polling interval is set to 10, the host will poll the device for card data packets every 10ms. This property can be used to speed up or slow down the time it takes to send card data to the host. The trade-off is that speeding up the card data transfer rate increases the USB bus bandwidth used by the device, and slowing down the card data transfer rate decreases the USB bus bandwidth used by the device. The value of this property will be sent to the host when the host requests the device's USB endpoint descriptor.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Example Set **Polling Interval** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 02 | 02 | 0A |

Example Set **Polling Interval** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **Polling Interval** property Request (Hex):

| ~ | | property rece | [### (11011): |
|---|---------|---------------|---------------|
| | Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
| | 00 | 01 | 02 |

Example Get **Polling Interval** property Response (Hex):

| Ξ. | 0 | r - r - J | 1 |
|----|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
| | 00 | 01 | 0A |

TRACK ID ENABLE PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x03
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x95

Description: This property is defined as follows:

| id 0 | T ₃ T ₃ | T ₂ T ₂ | T_1 T_1 |
|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|

Id 0 – Decodes standard ISO/ABA cards only

1 – Decodes AAMVA, CA DL/ID and 7-bit cards also

T_# 00 – Track Disabled

01 – Track Enabled

10 – Track Enabled/Required (Error if blank)

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Example Set **Track ID Enable** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 02 | 03 | 95 |

Example Set **Track ID Enable** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **Track ID Enable** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 03 |

Example Get **Track ID Enable** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 01 | 95 |

TRACK DATA SEND FLAGS PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x04
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x63

Description: This property is defined as follows:

| ICL | SS | ES | LRC | 0 | LC | Er | Er |
|-----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|
|-----|----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|

ICL 0 – Changing the state of the caps lock key will not affect the case of the data

1 – Changing the state of the caps lock key will affect the case of the data

SS 0 – Don't send Start Sentinel for each track

1 – Send Start Sentinel for each track

ES 0 – Don't send End Sentinel for each track

1 – Send End Sentinel for each track

LRC 0 – Don't send LRC for each track

1 – Send LRC for each track

Note that the LRC is the unmodified LRC from the track data. To verify the LRC the track data needs to be converted back from ASCII to card data format and the start sentinels that were modified to indicate the card encode type need to be converted back to their original values.

LC 0 – Send card data as upper case

1 – Send card data as lower case

Note that the state of the Caps Lock key on the host keyboard has no affect on what case the card data is transmitted in unless the ICL bit in this property is set to 1.

Er 00 – Don't send any card data if error

01 – Don't send track data if error

11 – Send 'E' for each track error

TERMINATION CHAR PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x05
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0x0D (carriage return)

Description: This property is defined as follows:

| mod | с | c | c | С | c | С | с |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | | | | : | | | |

mod 0 - Send c after card data

1 – Send c after each track

c 1-127 – 7 bit ASCII char code

0 – send nothing

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

SS TK2 7BITS PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x06
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x40 '@'

Description: This character is sent as the track 2 start sentinel for cards that have track 2

encoded in 7 bits per character format. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1-127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be

sent.

SS TK3 ISO ABA PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x08
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x2B '+'

Description: This character is sent as the track 3 start sentinel for cards that have track 3

encoded in ISO/ABA format. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1-127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

SS TK3 AAMVA PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x09
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x23 '#'

Description: This character is sent as the track 3 start sentinel for cards that have track 3

encoded in AAMVA format. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1-127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

SS TK3 7BITS PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x0A
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x26 '&'

Description: This character is sent as the track 3 start sentinel for cards that have track 3

encoded in 7 bits per character format. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1-127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be

sent.

PRE CARD CHAR PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x0B
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0

Description: This character is sent prior to all other card data. If the value is 0 no character

is sent. If the value is in the range 1 - 127 then the equivalent ASCII

character will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

POST CARD CHAR PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x0C
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0

Description: This character is sent after all other card data. If the value is 0 no character is

sent. If the value is in the range 1 - 127 then the equivalent ASCII character

will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

PRE TK CHAR PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x0D
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0

Description: This character is sent prior to the data for each track. If the value is 0 no

character is sent. If the value is in the range 1 - 127 then the equivalent

ASCII character will be sent.

POST TK CHAR PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x0E
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0

Description: This character is sent after the data for each track. If the value is 0 no

character is sent. If the value is in the range 1 - 127 then the equivalent

ASCII character be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

ASCII TO KEYPRESS CONVERSION TYPE PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x0F
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0 (keymap)

Description: The value is a byte that represents the devices ASCII to keypress conversion

type. The value can be set to 0 for keymap (The active keymap is set with the ACTIVE KEYMAP property) or to 1 for ALT ASCII code (international keyboard emulation). When the value is set to 0 (keymap), data will be transmitted to the host according to the active keymap which defaults to the United States keyboard keymap. For example, to transmit the ASCII character '?' (063 decimal), the character is looked up in a keymap. For a United States keyboard keymap, the '/' (forward slash) key combined with the left shift key modifier are stored in the keymap to represent the key press combination that is used to represent the ASCII character '?' (063 decimal). When the value is set to 1 (ALT ASCII code), instead of using the key map, an international keyboard key press combination consisting of the decimal value of the ASCII character combined with the ALT key modifier is used. For example, to transmit the ASCII character '?' (063 decimal), keypad '0' is sent combined with left ALT key modifier, next keypad '6' is sent combined with the left ALT key modifier, last keypad '3' is sent combined with the left ALT key modifier. In general, if this device only needs to emulate United States keyboards then this property should be set to 0 (keymap).

If this device needs to be able to emulate all country's keyboards then this property should be set

to 1 (ALT ASCII code). The tradeoff is that the ALT ASCII code mode is slightly slower than keymap mode because more key presses need to be transmitted. Some applications are not compatible with ALT ASCII code mode.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Example Set **ASCII To Keypress Conversion Type** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 02 | 0F | 00 |

Example Set **ASCII To Keypress Conversion Type** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **ASCII To Keypress Conversion Type** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 0F |

Example Get **ASCII To Keypress Conversion Type** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 01 | 00 |

INTERFACE TYPE PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x10
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 1 (keyboard emulation)

Description: The value is a byte that represents the devices interface type. The value can

be set to 0 for the HID interface or to 1 for the keyboard emulation interface. When the value is set to 0 (HID) the device will behave as described in the HID manual. When the value is set to 1 (keyboard emulation) the device will behave as described in the keyboard emulation manual. This property should be the first property changed because it affects which other properties are available. After this property is changed, the device should be power cycled before changing any other properties.

Example Set **Interface Type** property to HID Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 02 | 10 | 00 |

Example Set Interface Type property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **Interface Type** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 10 |

Example Get **Interface Type** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 01 | 00 |

ACTIVE KEYMAP PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x11
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0 (United States)

Description: The value is a byte that represents the device's active key map. The value can

be set to 0 for the United States key map or to 1 for the custom key map. The active key map will be used by the device to convert ASCII data into key strokes. The United States key map should be used will all hosts that are configured to use United States keyboards. The custom key map can be used to set up the device to work with hosts that are configured to use other countries keyboards. The default custom key map is the same as the United States key map. The key map can be modified to another countries key map by using commands "Get Key Map", "Set Key Map" and "Save Custom Key Map". See the command section of this manual for a complete description of these commands. To set up a device to use a custom key map, select the appropriate key map to be modified using the active key map property, reset the device to make this change take affect, use the "Get Key Map" and "Set Key Map" commands to modify the active key map, use the "Save Custom Key Map" command to save the active key map as the custom key map, set the active key map property to custom to use the custom key map, reset the device to make these changes take affect.

Example Set **Active Keymap** property Request (Hex):

| , I | | / | |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
| 01 | 02 | 11 | 00 |

Example Set **Active Keymap** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **Active Keymap** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 11 |

Example Get **Active Keymap** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 01 | 00 |

PRE CARD STRING PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x12
Property Type: String
Length: 0 - 7 bytes

Get Property: Yes Set Property: Yes

Default Value: The default value is no string with a length of zero.

Description: The value is an ASCII string that represents the device's pre card string. This

string can be 0-7 bytes long. This string is sent prior to all other card data.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Example Set **Pre Card String** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 04 | 12 | 31 32 33 |

Example Set **Pre Card String** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **Pre Card String** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 12 |

Example Get **Pre Card String** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 03 | 31 32 33 |

POST CARD STRING PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x13
Property Type: String
Length: 0 - 7 bytes

Get Property: Yes Set Property: Yes

Default Value: The default value is no string with a length of zero.

Description: The value is an ASCII string that represents the device's post card string.

This string can be 0-7 bytes long. This string is sent after all other card data.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Example Set **Post Card String** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 04 | 12 | 31 32 33 |

Example Set **Post Card String** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **Post Card String** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 12 |

Example Get **Post Card String** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 03 | 31 32 33 |

SS TK1 ISO ABA PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x14
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x25 '%'

Description: This character is sent as the track 1 start sentinel for cards that have track 1

encoded in ISO/ABA format. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1-127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent.

SS TK2 ISO ABA PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x15
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x3B ';'

Description: This character is sent as the track 2 start sentinel for cards that have track 2

encoded in ISO/ABA format. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1-127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

ES PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x16
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x3F '?'

Description: This character is sent as the end sentinel for all tracks with any format except

JIS type 2. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1

– 127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

ES TK1 PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x17
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0xFF (use ES property)

Description: This character is sent as the end sentinel for track 1 with any format. If the

value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1 - 127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent. If the value is 0xFF then the value of the ES property will be used instead of this property. This property was not

present until firmware revision with software ID 21042812H01.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

ES TK2 PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x18
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0xFF (use ES property)

Description: This character is sent as the end sentinel for track 2 with any format except

JIS type 2. If the value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1-127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent. If the value is 0xFF then the value of the ES property will be used instead of this property. This

property was not present until firmware revision with software ID

21042812H01.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

ES TK3 PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x19
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0xFF (use ES property)

Description: This character is sent as the end sentinel for track 3 with any format. If the

value is 0 no character is sent. If the value is in the range 1 - 127 then the equivalent ASCII character will be sent. If the value is 0xFF then the value of the ES property will be used instead of this property. This property was not

present until firmware revision with software ID 21042812H01.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

DECODE ENABLE PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x1A
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x00

Description: This property is defined as follows:

| Bit Position | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| Decode Type | Reserved | JIS Type 2 |

When a decode type bit is set to 1 (true), the decode type represented by that bit is enabled. When a decode type bit is set to 0 (false), the decode type represented by that bit is disabled. The reserved decode type bits should always be set to zero.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Note

The JIS type 2 decoding option was not added until firmware with software ID 21042812K01 was release in October 2008. Some applications may not work well with the JIS type 2 format because this format allows ASCII characters in the non-printable range (0x00 - 0x1F and 0x7F).

Example Set property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------------------|
| 01 | 02 | 1A | 01 (enable JIS Type 2 |
| | | | decode type) |

Example Set property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 1A |

Example Get property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 01 | 01 |

SS JIS TYPE 2 PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x1B
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0x7F 'DEL'

Description: This character is sent as the start sentinel for cards that are encoded in the JIS

type 2 format. If the value is in the range 0 - 127 then the equivalent ASCII

character will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

ES JIS TYPE 2 PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x1C
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0x7F 'DEL'

Description: This character is sent as the end sentinel for cards that are encoded in the JIS

type 2 format. If the value is in the range 0 - 127 then the equivalent ASCII

character will be sent.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

PAN NAME DATE ENABLE PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x1D
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0x00 (DISABLED)

Description: When this property is set to 0, the reader data transmission will use the

standard mode of sending track information as described in SECTION 4. When this value is set to non-zero, and Track 1 or Track 2 is determined to be in a financial data format, the reader will transmit the PAN (Primary Account

Number), Name and Expiration date using the following format:

If Track 1 is available:

<PAN><TAB><Name><TAB><MM><TAB><YY><Termination

Character>

Track 2 data will not be transmitted

If only Track 2 is available: <PAN><TAB><TAB><MM><TAB><YY><Termination Character>

If Track 1 and Track 2 are not in financial data format or cannot be decoded, the reader will revert back to standard mode.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Rules used for determining that a card is in financial data format:

- PAN length should be between 13 and 19
- Name length should be between 0 and 26 characters for Track 1
- Only 2 field separators ('^') for Track 1
- Only 1 field separator ('=') for Track 2
- Format code shall be the character 'B' for Track 1

Example Set **PAN Name Date Enable** property to 01 Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 02 | 1D | 01 |

Example Set **PAN Name Date Enable** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

Example Get **PAN Name Date Enable** property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 1D |

Example Get **PAN Name Date Enable** property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 01 | 01 |

^{*}This property was not added until firmware version 21042812L02.

POST TK CHAR ENABLE PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x1E
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes
Default Value: 0x07

Description: This property is used to enable or disable the post track character for each

track individually. The post track character is set separately with the post track character property. To enable the post track character for a given track set its corresponding bit position to one. To disable it, set it to zero. The following table shows how this properties bit positions relate to each track.

| Bit | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|---|---|
| position | | | | | | | | |
| Track | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved | 3 | 2 | 1 |

The reserved track fields should always be set to zero. For example, to enable all three tracks set this property to 0x07. To enable only track 1 set this property to 0x01.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

HOST POLL TIMEOUT PROPERTY

Property ID: 0x52
Property Type: Byte
Length: 1 byte
Get Property: Yes
Set Property: Yes

Default Value: 0x02 (2 seconds)

Description: This property can be used to adjust the device's host poll timeout. The

property can be set to 0 to disable the timeout or it can be set to a value in the

range of 1 to 60 seconds.

The host poll timeout was added around the year 2010 because if a USB suspend occurred while the reader was in the middle of transmitting card data to the host, the reader would no longer be able to read cards until power cycled. It was given a fixed value of 2 seconds. If a USB suspend now occurred while the reader was transmitting card data, this timeout would occur and the remainder of the card data would be discarded and the reader would be ready to read the next card once it got a USB resume signal. Getting a USB suspend while transmitting card data is not an event that would be expected to occur under normal operating conditions, however a customer was

^{*}This property was not added until firmware version 21042812L02.

seeing this occur due to abnormal USB bus activity from other devices on the bus.

Around the year 2012, starting with firmware part number 21042886 Revision C.01, this timeout was made adjustable with this property so that it could be disabled or adjusted. This property was added because some printers, made by HP and used as a host in this application, were occasionally ceasing to poll the reader for more than two seconds which would cause a timeout to occur which would in turn cause the host application to have problems. The timeout was disabled to resolve this problem. The printer was not behaving properly in this case. This problem would not be expected to occur on an error free USB Bus.

Not all readers contain this timeout and not all readers contain this property to adjust it.

This property is stored in non-volatile memory, so it will persist when the unit is power cycled. When this property is changed, the unit must be reset (see Command Number 2) or power cycled to have these changes take effect.

Example Set HOST POLL TIMEOUT property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID | Prp Value |
|---------|----------|--------|-----------|
| 01 | 02 | 52 | 02 |

Example Set HOST POLL TIMEOUT property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data | • | |
|-------------|----------|------|---|--|
| 00 | 00 | | | |

Example Get HOST POLL TIMEOUT property Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Prp ID |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 00 | 01 | 52 |

Example Get HOST POLL TIMEOUT property Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Prp Value |
|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 00 | 01 | 02 |

RESET DEVICE COMMAND

Command number: 0x02

Description: This command is used to reset the device. This command can be used to

make previously changed properties take affect without having to unplug and then plug in the device. When the device resets it automatically does a USB detach followed by an attach. After the host sends this command to the device it should close the USB port, wait a few seconds for the operating system to handle the device detach followed by the attach and then re-open the USB port before trying to communicate further with the

device.

Data structure: No data is sent with this command

Result codes: 0 (success)

Example Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Data |
|---------|----------|------|
| 02 | 00 | |

Example Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|------|
| 00 | 00 | |

GET KEYMAP ITEM COMMAND

Command number: 0x03

Description: This command is used to get a key map item from the active key map.

The active key map is determined by the active key map property. Data from a magnetic stripe card is a sequence of ASCII characters. These ASCII characters are mapped to key strokes and these key strokes are sent to the host to represent the ASCII character. The key map maps a single ASCII character to a single USB key usage ID and USB key modifier byte. The key usage ID and the key modifier byte are transmitted to the host via USB to represent the ASCII character. The ASCII value is the value of the ASCII character to be transmitted to the host. See an ASCII table for the values of the ASCII character set. The USB key usage ID is a unique value assigned to every keyboard key. For a list of all key usage IDs see Appendix A. The key modifier byte modifies the meaning of the key usage ID. The modifier byte indicates if any combination of the right or left Ctrl, Shift, Alt or GUI keys are pressed at the same time as the key usage ID. For a list and description of the key modifier byte see Appendix

B.

Starting with the firmware release with software ID 21042812F01, when both the key usage ID and the key modifier byte are set to 0xFF for a given ASCII value, the ALT ASCII code is sent instead of the key map values. The ALT ASCII code is a key press combination consisting of the decimal value of the ASCII character combined with the ALT key modifier. For example, to transmit the ASCII character '?' (063 decimal),

keypad '0' is sent combined with left ALT key modifier, next keypad '6' is sent combined with the left ALT key modifier, last keypad '3' is sent combined with the left ALT key modifier.

Data structure:

Request Data:

| 011 | | |
|--------|-------------|--|
| Offset | Field Name | Description |
| 0 | ASCII value | Value of the ASCII character to be retrieved from the key map. This can be any value between 0 and 127 (0x7F). For example, to retrieve the key map item for ASCII character '?' (card data end sentinel) use the ASCII value of '?' which is 63 (0x3F). |

Response Data:

| Offset | Field Name | Description |
|--------|-------------------|--|
| 0 | Key Usage ID | The value of the USB key usage ID that is |
| | | mapped to the given ASCII value. For |
| | | example, for the United States keyboard |
| | | map, usage ID 56 (0x38) (keyboard / and |
| | | ?) is mapped to ASCII character '?'. |
| 1 | Key Modifier Byte | The value of the USB key modifier byte |
| | | that is mapped to the given ASCII value. |
| | | For example, for the United States |
| | | keyboard map, modifier byte 0x02 (left |
| | | shift key) is mapped to ASCII character '?'. |

Result codes: 0 (success)

Example Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Data |
|---------|----------|------|
| 03 | 01 | 3F |

Example Response (Hex):

| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
|-------------|----------|-------|
| 00 | 02 | 38 02 |

SET KEYMAP ITEM COMMAND

Command number: 0x04

Description: This command is used to set a key map item of the active key map. The

active key map is determined by the active key map property. Data from a magnetic stripe card is a sequence of ASCII characters. These ASCII characters are mapped to key strokes and these key strokes are sent to the host to represent the ASCII character. The key map maps a single ASCII character to a single USB key usage ID and USB key modifier byte. The key usage ID and the key modifier byte are transmitted to the host via USB to represent the ASCII character. The ASCII value is the value of the ASCII character to be transmitted to the host. See an ASCII table for the values of the ASCII character set. The USB key usage ID is a unique value assigned to every keyboard key. For a list of all key usage IDs see Appendix A. The key modifier byte modifies the meaning of the key usage ID. The modifier byte indicates if any combination of the right or left Ctrl, Shift, Alt or GUI keys are pressed at the same time as the key usage ID. For a list and description of the key modifier byte see Appendix B. Once a key map item is modified, the changes take affect immediately. However, the changes will be lost if the device is reset or power cycled. To make the changes permanent, the save custom key map command must be issued. To use the new custom key map after a reset or

Starting with the firmware release with software ID 21042812F01, when both the key usage ID and the key modifier byte are set to 0xFF for a given ASCII value, the ALT ASCII code is sent instead of the key map values. The ALT ASCII code is a key press combination consisting of the decimal value of the ASCII character combined with the ALT key modifier. For example, to transmit the ASCII character '?' (063 decimal), keypad '0' is sent combined with left ALT key modifier, next keypad '6' is sent combined with the left ALT key modifier, last keypad '3' is sent combined with the left ALT key modifier.

power cycle, the active key map property must be set to custom.

Data structure:

Request Data:

| Offset | Field Name | Description |
|--------|-------------------|---|
| 0 | ASCII value | Value of the ASCII character to be set in the key map. This can be any value between 0 and 127 (0x7F). For example, to set the key map item for ASCII character '?' (card data end sentinel) use the ASCII value of '?' which is 63 (0x3F). |
| 1 | Key Usage ID | The value of the USB key usage ID that is to be mapped to the given ASCII value. For example, for the United States keyboard map, usage ID 56 (0x38) (keyboard / and ?) is mapped to ASCII character '?'. To change this to the ASCII character '>' use usage ID 55 (0x37) (keyboard . and >). |
| 2 | Key Modifier Byte | The value of the USB key modifier byte that is to be mapped to the given ASCII value. For example, for the United States keyboard map, modifier byte 0x02 (left shift key) is mapped to ASCII character '?'. To change this to the ASCII character '>' use modifier byte 0x02 (left shift key). |

Response Data: None

Result codes: 0 (success)

The following example maps the card ASCII data end sentinel character '?' to the '>' keyboard key.

Example Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Data |
|---------|----------|----------|
| 04 | 03 | 3F 37 02 |

Example Response (Hex):

| 110X). | | |
|-------------|----------|------|
| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
| 00 | 00 | |

SAVE CUSTOM KEYMAP COMMAND

Command number: 0x05

Description: This command is used to save the active key map as the custom key map

in non volatile memory. The active key map is determined by the active key map property. Once a key map item is modified, the changes take affect immediately. However, the changes will be lost if the device is reset or power cycled. To make the changes permanent, the save custom key map command must be issued. To use the new custom key map after a reset or power cycle, the active key map property must be set to custom.

Data structure:

Request Data: None Response Data: None

Result codes: 0 (success)

Example Request (Hex):

| Cmd Num | Data Len | Data |
|---------|----------|------|
| 05 | 00 | |

Example Response (Hex):

| () | | |
|-------------|----------|------|
| Result Code | Data Len | Data |
| 00 | 00 | |

SECTION 5. DEMO PROGRAM

The purpose of this demo program is not to demonstrate card reading with this Keyboard Emulation device. Use a text editor application such as Windows Notepad to demonstrate card reading for this keyboard emulation device. Any application that allows user input from a keyboard should be sufficient to demonstrate card reading for this device.

The primary purpose of the demo program, when used with this keyboard emulation device, is to allow users to change the device's programmable configuration properties. This is accomplished by sending commands to the device with the demo program. The demo program also comes with source code that can be used as a guide for application developers who what to change the device's programmable configuration properties in an application. However, it is unlikely that application developers will want to change these properties in an application since these properties only need to be set once and can be set at the factory. This program is written in Visual Basic.

Demo programs, version 1.2.0 and newer work on Windows 98, Me, 2000 and XP. Older versions do not support the HID keyboard emulation device on Windows 2000 or XP. These older versions only work on Windows 98 and Me.

When the demo program is run, a button for reading cards is displayed along with a button for sending commands. The card reading option is not supported for this keyboard emulation device. Use a text editor application such as Windows Notepad to demonstrate card reading for this keyboard emulation device.

The part numbers for the demo program can be found in this document in Section 1 under Accessories.

INSTALLATION

To install the demo program, run the setup.exe file and follow the instructions given on the screen.

OPERATION

To operate the demo program perform the following steps:

- Attach the device to a USB port on the host
- If this is the first time the device has been plugged into the host, then follow the instructions on the screen for installing the Windows HID device driver. This is explained in more detail in the installation section of this document.
- Run the demo program.
- To read cards and view the card data do not use the demo program. Use a text editor program such as Windows Notepad.
- To send commands to the device, click on the send commands button.
- Enter a command in the Message edit box. All data entered should be in hexadecimal bytes with a space between each byte. Enter the command number followed by the command data if there is any. The application will automatically calculate and send the command data

length for you. For example, to send the GET PROPERTY command for property SOFTWARE ID enter 00 00.

- Press Enter or click on Send message to send the command and receive the result.
- The command request and the command result will be displayed in the Communications Dialog edit box.
- The Clear Dialog button clears the Communication Dialog edit box.

SOURCE CODE

Source code is included with the demo program. It can be used as a guide for application development. It is described in detail, with comments, to assist developers. The book *USB Complete* by Jan Axelson is also a good guide for application developers, especially the chapter on Human Interface Device Host Applications (see "Reference Documents" in Section 1).

APPENDIX A. USAGE ID DEFINITIONS

This appendix is from the following document found on www.usb.org: Universal Serial Bus HID Usage Tables, Version 1.12 and specifically for this manual, Section 10, Keyboard/Keypad Page (0x07).

KEYBOARD/KEYPAD PAGE (0X07)

This section is the Usage Page for key codes to be used in implementing a USB keyboard. A Boot Keyboard (84-, 101- or 104-key) should at a minimum support all associated usage codes as indicated in the "Boot" column below.

The usage type of all key codes is Selectors (Sel), except for the modifier keys Keyboard Left Control (0x224) to Keyboard Right GUI (0x231) which are Dynamic Flags (DV).

Note

A general note on Usages and languages: Due to the variation of keyboards from language to language, it is not feasible to specify exact key mappings for every language. Where this list is not specific for a key function in a language, the closest equivalent key position should be used, so that a keyboard may be modified for a different language by simply printing different keycaps. One example is the Y key on a North American keyboard. In Germany this is typically Z. Rather than changing the keyboard firmware to put the Z Usage into that place in the descriptor list, the vendor should use the Y Usage on both the North American and German keyboards. This continues to be the existing practice in the industry, in order to minimize the number of changes to the electronics to accommodate other languages.

Table A-1. Keyboard/Keypad

| Usage ID (Dec) | Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Ref: Typical AT-101 Position | PC-AT | Мас | NNIX | Boot |
|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------|-----------|
| 0 | 00 | Reserved (no event indicated) 9 | N/A | √ | √ | | 4/101/104 |
| 1 | 01 | Keyboard ErrorRollOver ⁹ | N/A | √ | √ | | 4/101/104 |
| 2 | 02 | Keyboard POSTFail ⁹ | N/A | V | √ | | 4/101/104 |
| 3 | 03 | Keyboard ErrorUndefined ⁹ | N/A | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 4 | 04 | Keyboard a and A ⁴ | 31 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 5 | 05 | Keyboard b and B | 50 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 6 | 06 | Keyboard c and C ⁴ | 48 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 7 | 07 | Keyboard d and D | 33 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 8 | 08 | Keyboard e and E | 19 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 9 | 09 | Keyboard f and F | 34 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 10 | 0A | Keyboard g and G | 35 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 11 | 0B | Keyboard h and H | 36 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 12 | 0C | Keyboard i and I | 24 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 13 | 0D | Keyboard j and J | 37 | √ | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 14 | 0E | Keyboard k and K | 38 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 15 | 0F | Keyboard I and L | 39 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 16 | 10 | Keyboard m and M | 52 | V | √ | V | 4/101/104 |

| Usage ID (Dec) | Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Ref: Typical AT-101 Position | PC-AT | Мас | NNIX | Boot |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 17 | 11 | Keyboard n and N | 51 | | $\sqrt{}$ | | 4/101/104 |
| 18 | 12 | Keyboard o and O ⁴ | 25 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 19 | 13 | Keyboard p and P ⁴ | 26 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 20 | 14 | Keyboard q and Q ⁴ | 27 | $\sqrt{}$ | 1 | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 21 | 15 | Keyboard r and R | 20 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 22 | 16 | Keyboard s and S ⁴ | 32 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 23 | 17 | Keyboard t and T | 21 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 24 | 18 | Keyboard u and U | 23 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 25 | 19 | Keyboard v and V | 49 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 26 | 1A | Keyboard w and W ⁴ | 18 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 27 | 1B | Keyboard x and X ⁴ | 47 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 28 | 1C | Keyboard y and Y ⁴ | 22 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 29 | 1D | Keyboard z and Z ⁴ | 46 | $\sqrt{}$ | 1 | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 30 | 1E | Keyboard 1 and ! ⁴ | 2 | $\sqrt{}$ | 1 | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 31 | 1F | Keyboard 2 and ! ⁴ | 3 | $\sqrt{}$ | 1 | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 32 | 20 | Keyboard 3 and # ⁴ | 4 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 33 | 21 | Keyboard 4 and \$ ⁴ | 5 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 34 | 22 | Keyboard 5 and % ⁴ | 6 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 35 | 23 | Keyboard 6 and ^{^4} | 7 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 36 | 24 | Keyboard 7 and & ⁴ | 8 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 37 | 25 | Keyboard 8 and *4 | 9 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 38 | 26 | Keyboard 9 and (⁴ | 10 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 39 | 27 | Keyboard 0 and) ⁴ | 11 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 40 | 28 | Keyboard Return (ENTER) ⁵ | 43 | 1 | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 41 | 29 | Keyboard ESCAPE | 110 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 42 | 2A | Keyboard DELETE (Backspace) | 15 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 43 | 2B | Keyboard Tab | 16 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 44 | 2C | Keyboard Spacebar | 61 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 45 | 2D | Keyboard - and (underscore) ⁴ | 12 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 46 | 2E | Keyboard = and + ⁴ | 13 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 47 | 2F | Keyboard [and {4 | 27 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 48 | 30 | Keyboard] and } ⁴ | 28 | V | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 49 | 31 | Keyboard \ and | 29 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 50 | 32 | Keyboard Non-US # and ~2 | 42 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 51 | 33 | Keyboard ; and : ⁴ | 40 | √ | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 52 | 34 | Keyboard ' and " ⁴ | 41 | √ | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 53 | 35 | Keyboard Grave Accent and Tilde ⁴ | 1 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 54 | 36 | Keyboard, and < ⁴ | 53 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 55 | 37 | Keyboard. and > ⁴ | 54 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 56 | 38 | Keyboard / and ? | 55 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |

| Usage ID (Dec) | Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Ref: Typical AT-101 Position | PC-AT | Мас | NNIX | Boot |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| 57 | 39 | Keyboard Caps Lock ¹¹ | 30 | - √ | $\sqrt{}$ | | 4/101/104 |
| 58 | 3A | Keyboard F1 | 112 | V | V | $\sqrt{}$ | 4/101/104 |
| 59 | 3B | Keyboard F2 | 113 | √ | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 60 | 3C | Keyboard F3 | 114 | 1 | V | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 61 | 3D | Keyboard F4 | 115 | √ | V | | 4/101/104 |
| 62 | 3E | Keyboard F5 | 116 | 1 | | | 4/101/104 |
| 63 | 3F | Keyboard F6 | 117 | 1 | | | 4/101/104 |
| 64 | 40 | Keyboard F7 | 118 | √ | | \checkmark | 4/101/104 |
| 65 | 41 | Keyboard F8 | 119 | V | $\sqrt{}$ | | 4/101/104 |
| 66 | 42 | Keyboard F9 | 120 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 4/101/104 |
| 67 | 43 | Keyboard F10 | 121 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 4/101/104 |
| 68 | 44 | Keyboard F11 | 122 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 101/104 |
| 69 | 45 | Keyboard F12 | 123 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 101/104 |
| 70 | 46 | Keyboard PrintScreen ¹ | 124 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 101/104 |
| 71 | 47 | Keyboard Scroll Lock ¹¹ | 125 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 4/101/104 |
| 72 | 48 | Keyboard Pause ¹ | 126 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 101/104 |
| 73 | 49 | Keyboard Insert ¹ | 75 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 101/104 |
| 74 | 4A | Keyboard Home ¹ | 80 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 101/104 |
| 75 | 4B | Keyboard PageUp ¹ | 85 | \checkmark | $\sqrt{}$ | \checkmark | 101/104 |
| 76 | 4C | Keyboard Delete Forward ^{1;14} | 76 | √ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | 101/104 |
| 77 | 4D | Keyboard End ¹ | 81 | √ | √ | √ | 101/104 |
| 78 | 4E | Keyboard PageDown ¹ | 86 | √ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | 101/104 |
| 79 | 4F | Keyboard RightArrow ¹ | 89 | √ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | 101/104 |
| 80 | 50 | Keyboard LeftArrow ¹ | 79 | √ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | 101/104 |
| 81 | 51 | Keyboard DownArrow ¹ | 84 | √ | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | 101/104 |
| 82 | 52 | Keyboard UpArrow ¹ | 83 | √ | V | | 101/104 |
| 83 | 53 | Keypad Num Lock and Clear1 ¹ | 90 | √ | V | | 101/104 |
| 84 | 54 | Keypad /1 | 95 | √ | V | | 101/104 |
| 85 | 55 | Keypad * | 100 | √ | V | | 4/101/104 |
| 86 | 56 | Keypad - | 105 | √ | V | | 4/101/104 |
| 87 | 57 | Keypad + | 106 | √ | V | | 4/101/104 |
| 88 | 58 | Keypad ENTER5 | 108 | √ | V | | 101/104 |
| 89 | 59 | Keypad 1 and End | 93 | √ | V | | 4/101/104 |
| 90 | 5A | Keypad 2 and Down Arrow | 98 | √ | V | | 4/101/104 |
| 91 | 5B | Keypad 3 and PageDn | 103 | √ | V | | 4/101/104 |
| 92 | 5C | Keypad 4 and Left Arrow | 92 | √ | V | \checkmark | 4/101/104 |
| 93 | 5D | Keypad 4 and Left Arrow | 97 | √ | V | \checkmark | 4/101/104 |
| 94 | 5E | Keypad 4 and Left Arrow | 102 | √ | √ | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 95 | 5F | Keypad 7 and Home | 91 | √ | √ | √ | 4/101/104 |
| 96 | 60 | Keypad 8 and Up Arrow | 96 | $\sqrt{}$ | $\sqrt{}$ | | 4/101/104 |

| Usage ID (Dec) | Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Ref: Typical AT-101 Position | PC-AT | Мас | NIX | Boot |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----|-----------|
| 97 | 61 | Keypad 9 and PageUp | 101 | | $\sqrt{}$ | | 4/101/104 |
| 98 | 62 | Keypad 0 and Insert | 99 | V | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 99 | 63 | Keypad. and Delete | 104 | V | √ | V | 4/101/104 |
| 100 | 64 | Keyboard Non-US \ and ^{3;6} | 45 | V | V | V | 4/101/104 |
| 101 | 65 | Keyboard Application ¹⁰ | 129 | V | | V | 104 |
| 102 | 66 | Keyboard Power ⁹ = | | | √ | V | |
| 103 | 67 | Keypad = | | | √ | | |
| 104 | 68 | Keyboard F13 | 62 | | √ | | |
| 105 | 69 | Keyboard F14 | 63 | | √ | | |
| 106 | 6A | Keyboard F15 | 64 | | √ | | |
| 107 | 6B | Keyboard F16 | 65 | | | | |
| 107 | 6C | Keyboard F17 | | | | | |
| 109 | 6D | Keyboard F18 | | | | | |
| 110 | 6E | Keyboard F19 | | | | | |
| 111 | 6F | Keyboard F20 | | | | | |
| 112 | 70 | Keyboard F21 | | | | | |
| 113 | 71 | Keyboard F22 | | | | | |
| 114 | 72 | Keyboard F23 | | | | | |
| 115 | 73 | Keyboard F24 | | | | | |
| 116 | 74 | Keyboard Execute | | | | V | |
| 117 | 75 | Keyboard Help | | | | V | |
| 118 | 76 | Keyboard Menu | | | | V | |
| 119 | 77 | Keyboard Select | | | | V | |
| 120 | 78 | Keyboard Stop | | | | V | |
| 121 | 79 | Keyboard Again | | | | V | |
| 122 | 7A | Keyboard Undo | | | | V | |
| 123 | 7B | Keyboard Cut | | | | V | |
| 124 | 7C | Keyboard Copy | | | | V | |
| 125 | 7D | Keyboard Paste | | | | V | |
| 126 | 7E | Keyboard Find | | | | V | |
| 127 | 7F | Keyboard Mute | | | | V | |
| 128 | 80 | Keyboard Volume Up | | | | V | |
| 129 | 81 | Keyboard Volume Down | | | | V | |
| 130 | 82 | Keyboard Locking Caps Lock ¹² | | | | V | |
| 131 | 83 | Keyboard Locking Num Lock ¹² | | | | V | |
| 132 | 84 | Keyboard Locking Scroll Lock ¹² | | | | V | |
| 133 | 85 | Keypad Comma ²⁷ | 107 | | | | |
| 134 | 86 | Keypad Equal Sign ²⁹ | | | | | |
| 135 | 87 | Keyboard International1 ¹⁵⁻²⁸ | 56 | | | | |
| 136 | 88 | Keyboard International2 ¹⁶ | | | | | |

| Usage ID (Dec) | Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Ref: Typical AT-101 Position | PC-AT | Мас | UNIX | Boot |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------|-----|------|------|
| 137 | 89 | Keyboard International3 ¹⁷ | | | | | |
| 138 | 8A | Keyboard International4 ¹⁸ | | | | | |
| 139 | 8B | Keyboard International5 ¹⁹ | | | | | |
| 140 | 8C | Keyboard International6 ²⁰ | | | | | |
| 141 | 8D | Keyboard International7 ²¹ | | | | | |
| 142 | 8E | Keyboard International8 ²² | | | | | |
| 143 | 8F | Keyboard International9 ²² | | | | | |
| 144 | 90 | Keyboard Lang1 ²⁵ | | | | | |
| 145 | 91 | Keyboard Lang2 ²⁶ | | | | | |
| 146 | 92 | Keyboard Lang3 ³⁰ | | | | | |
| 147 | 93 | Keyboard Lang4 ³¹ | | | | | |
| 148 | 94 | Keyboard Lang5 ³² | | | | | |
| 149 | 95 | Keyboard Lang6 ⁸ | | | | | |
| 150 | 96 | Keyboard Lang7 ⁸ | | | | | |
| 151 | 97 | Keyboard Lang8 ⁸ | | | | | |
| 152 | 98 | Keyboard Lang9 ⁸ | | | | | |
| 153 | 99 | Keyboard Alternate Erase ⁷ | | | | | |
| 154 | 9A | Keyboard Sys/Req Attention ¹ | | | | | |
| 155 | 9B | Keyboard Cancel | | | | | |
| 156 | 9C | Keyboard Clear | | | | | |
| 157 | 9D | Keyboard Prior | | | | | |
| 158 | 9E | Keyboard Return | | | | | |
| 159 | 9F | Keyboard Separator | | | | | |
| 160 | A0 | Keyboard Out | | | | | |
| 161 | A1 | Keyboard Oper | | | | | |
| 162 | A2 | Keyboard Clear/Again | | | | | |
| 163 | A3 | Keyboard Cr/Sel/Props | | | | | |
| 164 | A4 | Keyboard Ex Sel | | | | | |
| 165-175 | A5-CF | Reserved | | | | | |
| 176 | В0 | Keypad 00 | | | | | |
| 177 | B1 | Keypad 000 | | | | | |
| 178 | B2 | Thousands Separator ³³ | | | | | |
| 179 | В3 | Decimal Separator ³³ | | | | | |
| 180 | B4 | Currency Unit ³⁴ | | | | | |
| 181 | B5 | Currency Sub-unit ³⁴ | | | | | |
| 182 | В6 | Keypad (| | | | | |
| 183 | B7 | Keypad) | | | | | |
| 184 | B8 | Keypad { | | | | | |
| 185 | B9 | Keypad} | | | | | |
| 186 | BA | Keypad Tab | | | | | |

| Usage ID (Dec) | Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Ref: Typical AT-101 Position | PC-AT | Мас | XINO | Boot |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------|------|
| 187 | BB | Keypad Backspace | | | | | |
| 188 | ВС | Keypad A | | | | | |
| 189 | BD | Keypad B | | | | | |
| 190 | BE | Keypad C | | | | | |
| 191 | BF | Keypad D | | | | | |
| 192 | C0 | Keypad E | | | | | |
| 193 | C1 | Keypad F | | | | | |
| 194 | C2 | Keypad XOR | | | | | |
| 195 | C3 | Keypad ^ | | | | | |
| 196 | C4 | Keypad % | | | | | |
| 197 | C5 | Keypad < | | | | | |
| 198 | C6 | Keypad > | | | | | |
| 199 | C7 | Keypad & | | | | | |
| 200 | C8 | Keypad && | | | | | |
| 201 | C9 | Keypad | | | | | |
| 202 | CA | Keypad | | | | | |
| 203 | СВ | Keypad : | | | | | |
| 204 | СС | Keypad # | | | | | |
| 205 | CD | Keypad Space | | | | | |
| 206 | CE | Keypad @ | | | | | |
| 207 | CF | Keypad ! | | | | | |
| 208 | D0 | Keypad Memory Store | | | | | |
| 209 | D1 | Keypad Memory Recall | | | | | |
| 210 | D2 | Keypad Memory Clear | | | | | |
| 211 | D3 | Keypad Memory Add | | | | | |
| 212 | D4 | Keypad Memory Subtract | | | | | |
| 213 | D5 | Keypad Memory Multiple | | | | | |
| 214 | D6 | Keypad Memory Divide | | | | | |
| 215 | D7 | Keypad +/- | | | | | |
| 216 | D8 | Keypad Clear | | | | | |
| 217 | D9 | Keypad Clear Entry | | | | | |
| 218 | DA | Keypad Binary | | | | | |
| 219 | DB | Keypad Octal | | | | | |
| 220 | DC | Keypad Decimal | | | | | |
| 221 | DD | Keypad Hexadecimal | | | | | |
| 222-223 | DE-DF | Reserved | | | | | |
| 224 | E0 | Keyboard LeftControl | 58 | V | V | √ | |
| 225 | E1 | Keyboard LeftShift | 44 | V | V | √ | |
| 226 | E2 | Keyboard LeftA;t | 60 | V | V | √ | |
| 227 | E3 | Keyboard Left GUI ^{10;23} | 127 | V | V | √ | |

| Usage ID (Dec) | Usage ID (Hex) | Usage Name | Ref: Typical AT-101 Position | PC-AT | Mac | NIX | Boot |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 228 | E4 | Keyboard RightControl | 64 | √ | \checkmark | √ | |
| 229 | E5 | Keyboard RightShift | 57 | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| 230 | E6 | Keyboard RightAlt | 62 | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| 231 | E7 | Keyboard Right GUI ^{10;24} | 128 | \checkmark | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| 232 – | E8-FFFF | Reserved | | | | | |
| 65535 | | | | | | | |

Footnotes

- 1. Usage of keys is not modified by the state of the Control, Alt, Shift or Num Lock keys. That is, a key does not send extra codes to compensate for the state of any Control, Alt, Shift or Num Lock keys.
- 2. Typical language mappings: US: $\$ Belg: μ '£ FrCa: $\$ Dan:'* Dutch: $\$ Fren:* μ Ger: #' Ital: u\$ LatAm: $\$ '] Nor:,* Span: $\$ Q Swed: ,* Swiss: \$£ UK: #~.
- 3. Typical language mappings: Belg:<\> FrCa: «° » Dan: <\> Dutch:]|[Fren: <> Ger: <|> Ital: <> LatAm: <> Nor: <> Span: <> Swed: <|> Swiss: <\> UK: \| Brazil: \|.
- 4. Typically remapped for other languages in the host system.
- 5. Keyboard Enter and Keypad Enter generate different Usage codes.
- 6. Typically near the Left-Shift key in AT-102 implementations.
- 7. Example, Erase-EazeTM key.
- 8. Reserved for language-specific functions, such as Front End Processors and Input Method Editors.
- 9. Reserved for typical keyboard status or keyboard errors. Sent as a member of the keyboard array. Not a physical key.
- 10. Windows key for Windows 95, and "Compose."
- 11. Implemented as a non-locking key; sent as member of an array.
- 12. Implemented as a locking key; sent as a toggle button. Available for legacy support; however, most systems should use the non-locking version of this key.
- 13. Backs up the cursor one position, deleting a character as it goes.
- 14. Deletes one character without changing position.
- 15-20. See additional foot notes in Universal Serial Bus HID Usage Tables, Copyright © 1996-2005, USB Implementers Forum.
- 21. Toggle Double-Byte/Single-Byte mode.
- 22. Undefined, available for other Front End Language Processors.
- 23. Windowing environment key, examples are Microsoft Left Win key, Mac Left Apple key, Sun Left Meta key
- 24. Windowing environment key, examples are Microsoft® RIGHT WIN key, Macintosh® RIGHT APPLE key, Sun® RIGHT META key.
- 25. Hangul/English toggle key. This usage is used as an input method editor control key on a Korean language keyboard.
- 26. Hanja conversion key. This usage is used as an input method editor control key on a Korean language keyboard.
- 27. Keypad Comma is the appropriate usage for the Brazilian keypad period (.) key. This represents the closest possible match, and system software should do the correct mapping based on the current locale setting.
- 28. Keyboard International1 should be identified via footnote as the appropriate usage for the Brazilian forward-slash (/) and question-mark (?) key. This usage should also be renamed to either "Keyboard Non-US / and ?" or to "Keyboard International1" now that it's become clear that it does not only apply to Kanji keyboards anymore.
- 29. Used on AS/400 keyboards.
- 30. Defines the Katakana key for Japanese USB word-processing keyboards.
- 31. Defines the Hiragana key for Japanese USB word-processing keyboards.
- 32. Usage 0x94 (Keyboard LANG5) "Defines the Zenkaku/Hankaku key for Japanese USB word-processing keyboards.
- 33. The symbol displayed will depend on the current locale settings of the operating system. For example, the US thousands separator would be a comma, and the decimal separator would be a period.
- 34. The symbol displayed will depend on the current locale settings of the operating system. For example the US currency unit would be \$ and the sub-unit would be ¢.

APPENDIX B. MODIFIER BYTE DEFINITIONS

This appendix is from the following document found on www.usb.org: Device Class Definition for Human Interface Devices (HID) Version 1.11, and specifically for this manual, Section 8.3 Report Format for Array Items.

The modifier byte is defined as follows:

Table B-1. Modifier Byte

| Bit | Key |
|-----|-------------|
| 0 | LEFT CTRL |
| 1 | LEFT SHIFT |
| 2 | LEFT ALT |
| 3 | LEFT GUI |
| 4 | RIGHT CTRL |
| 5 | RIGHT SHIFT |
| 6 | RIGHT ALT |
| 7 | RIGHT GUI |

APPENDIX C. DRAWINGS

The following drawings are provided in this section:

Part Number Title

| 21030007 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-Pin Molex Connector, Butterfly |
|----------|--|
| | Spring |
| 21030008 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 275mm Wire, USB-A Connector |
| 21030016 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-Pin Connector, Accordion Spring |
| 21040132 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 6" wire, USB-A Connector, 100mm Black Body |
| 21040133 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 6' Cable, USB-A Connector, 100mm Black Body |
| 21040137 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 5" Cable, Right Angle USB-A, 100mm Black |
| | body |
| 21045088 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-pin Molex Connector, 90mm body |
| 21046004 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-pin Molex Connector, 60mm Slim |
| | Profile |
| 21047012 | USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-pin Molex Connector, 90mm |
| | Slim Profile |

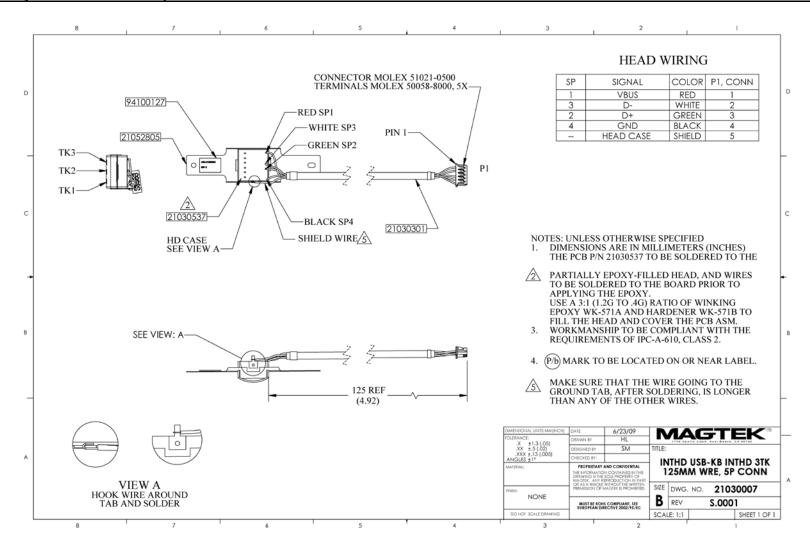


Figure C-1. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-Pin Connector, Butterfly Spring

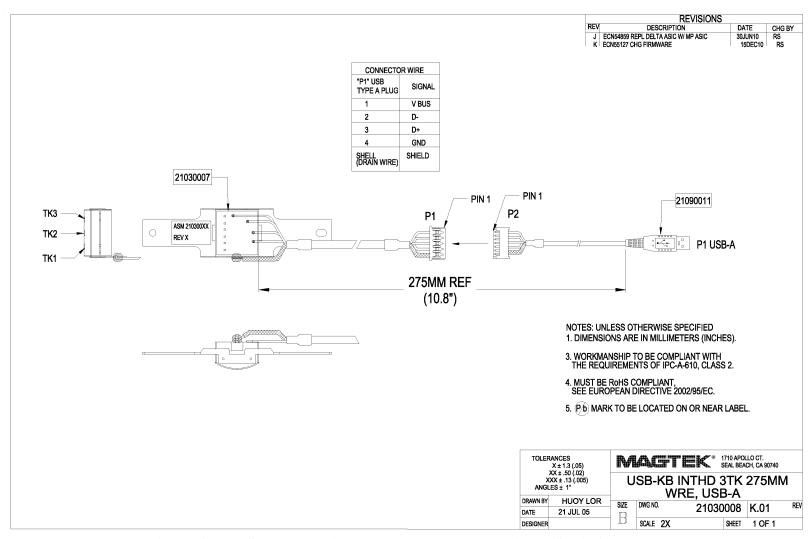


Figure C-2. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 275mm Wire, USB-A Connector

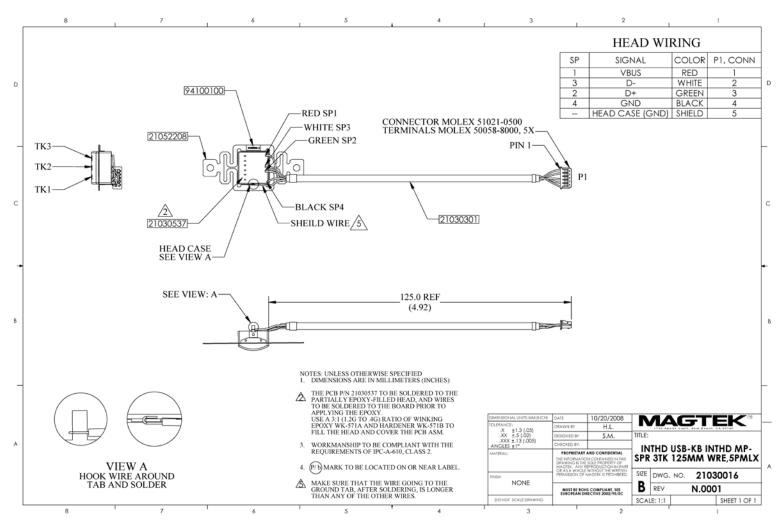


Figure C-3. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-Pin Connector, Accordion Spring

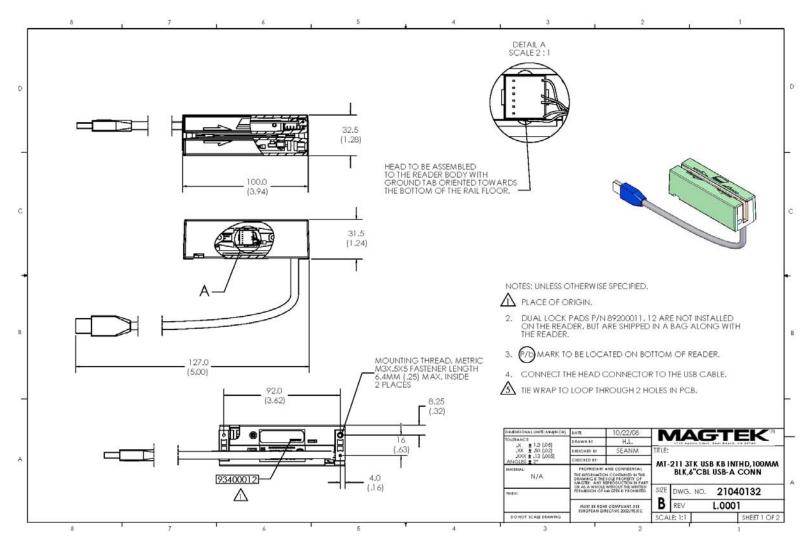


Figure C-4. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 6" Cable, USB-A Connector, 100mm Black Body

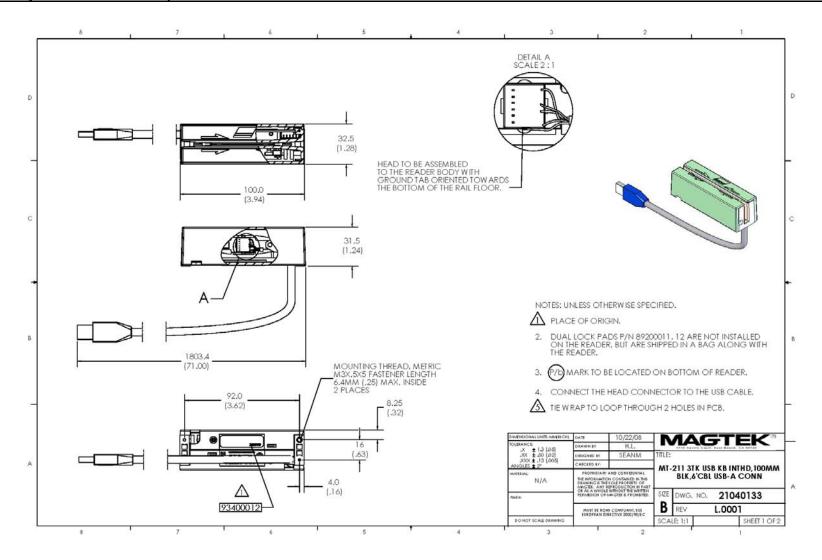


Figure C-5. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 6' Cable, USB-A Connector, 100mm Black Body

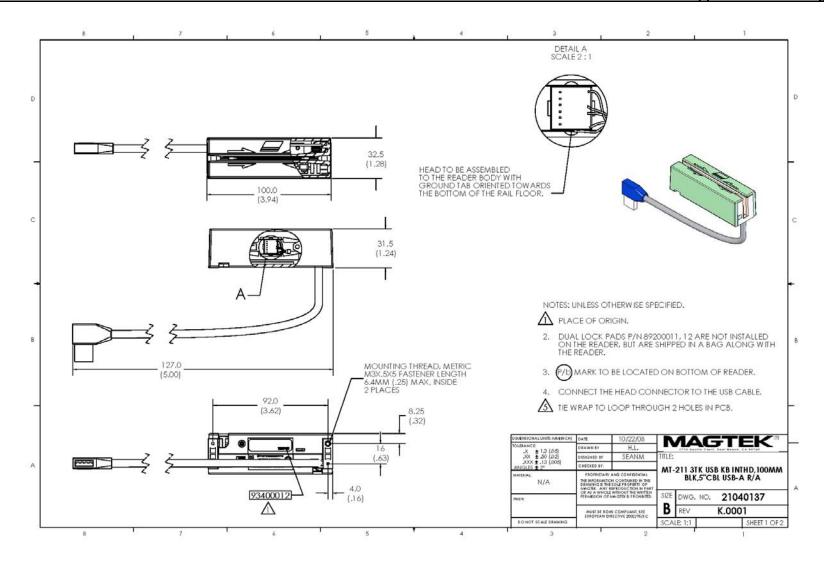


Figure C-6. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 5" Right Angle USB-A, 100mm Black Body

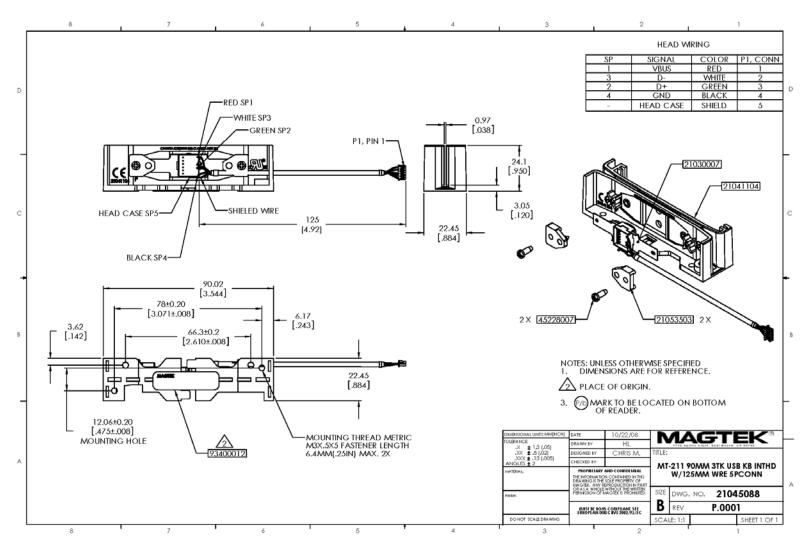


Figure C-7. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-pin Molex Connector, 90mm body

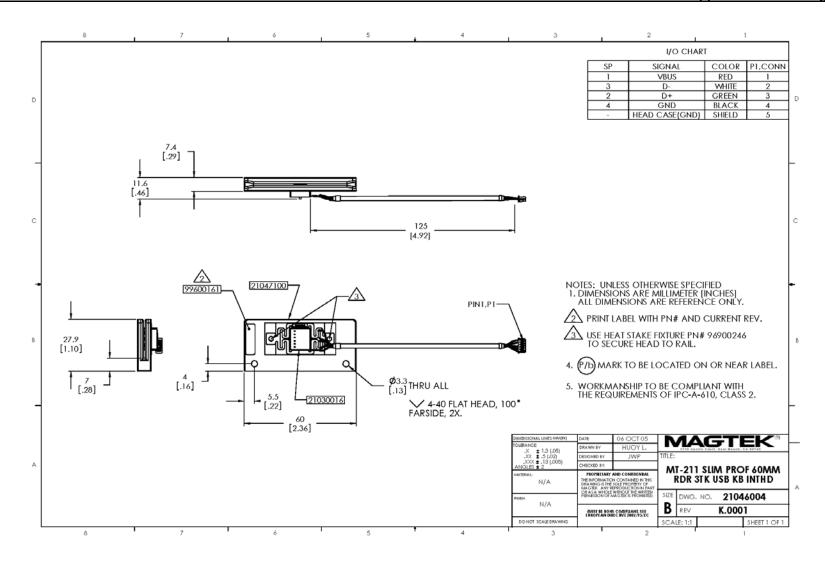


Figure C-8. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-pin Molex Connector, 60mm Slim Profile

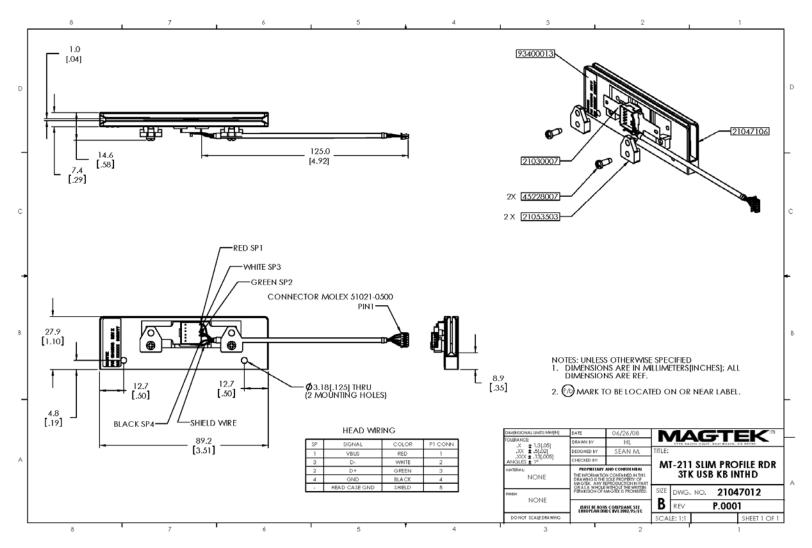


Figure C-9. USB KB IntelliHead, 3-Track, 125mm Wire, 5-pin Molex Connector, 90mm Slim Profile